LIFE UNDERGROUND

The Night Snake is a harmless rear fanged snake. During hibernation it will often share the burrow with another reptile. With which other reptile does it share a burrow?_____

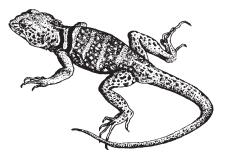
It is called ______ when one animal benefits from this type of arrangement and the other animal is not affected.

LIFE ON THE ROCKS

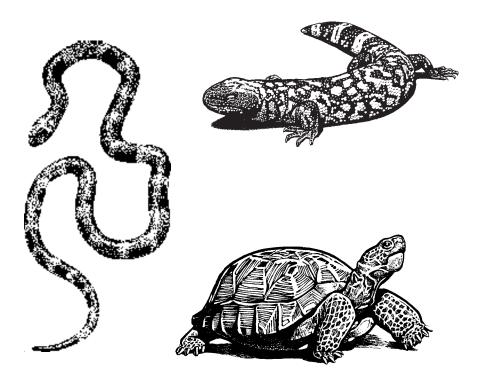
Which boa is on exhibit here? ______ How do they kill their prey?

Why do Lyre Snakes squeeze into tight rock crevices?

How can you tell a gopher snake from a rattlesnake?



Desert Reptiles





Scouts' Badge Discovery Class/Grounds Tour Activity Sheets ã 2009 ASDM



LIZARD ENCLOSURE, FRONT ENTRANCE

Name two lizards that live in this enclosure.

1._____ 2.____

Did you see these lizards?_____

REPTILE AND INVERTEBRATE ROOM

Find the chuckwalla on exhibit. Which lizard shares its enclosure?

Is it found in the Sonoran Desert? (But look carefully and you may see them around grounds in the exhibits.)

Find a rattlesnake with a name similar to a baseball team.

_____ Rattlesnake

What color touches red on the bands of the venomous Coral Snake?

Name two snakes that have similar colors to the Coral Snake.

1._____ 2._____



Two of the only venomous lizards in the world are found in the Sonoran Desert region and are on exhibit here. Name them.



DESERT GRASSLANDS

Circle one thing that is special about the box turtle.

- A. It looks like a box.
- B. It has a hinge in its lower shell.
- C. It lives inside a box.

Look for the model of a rattlesnake's rattle. Shake and listen to the real rattle. What is a rattlesnake rattle made of? _____

Can you tell the age of a rattlesnake by counting the segments in the rattle?_____

Find a Desert Museum Docent and ask, "Why do rattlesnakes have rattles?"

Answer_____

